

# GreenTouch Services, Applications, and Trends Committee: Work Plan Update

GT SAT Committee (Steven K. Korotky, Chair)

GT Members' Meeting - Seattle

17 November 2011

#### GreenTouch Services, Applications & Trends Committee

Rationale: Network efficiency depends upon network architecture and technology, which depends upon services, applications, and traffic

#### Responsibility - Provides SA&T input to the GT Network Committee

#### Objectives:

- Collect data on current trends /validate baseline model
  - traffic, services and applications, etc.
- Identify present and anticipated services & applications
  - determine characteristics and requirements of S&A
    - e.g. bandwidth, latency, storage, spatial variation, temporal variation
  - work with Net Comm to align S&A with architectures
- Develop traffic trends/projections/forecasts
- Define methodologies
- Consider alternative metrics
  - e.g. carbon footprint, power per user, lifecycle analysis, total cost
- Formulate and execute projects within scope
- Document and socialize recommendations



#### GT SAT Committee: Activities Update (1/2)

#### Membership

- 44: 28 Contributors, 16 Observers, 25 Organizations
  - [9 Institutes, 7 Universities, 9 Industrial (6 Network Operators, 3 Suppliers)]

#### **■** Tasks

Service and Application Definitions and Traffic Trends for Baseline Architecture

#### Launch-to-Date Activities - Year 1

- GT SAT Committee Launch, GT-London (6/2010)
- Traffic and Architecture Documents Review, GT-Amsterdam (11/2010)
- Comments & Recommendations to Strawman Architecture (2/2011)
- Network Operator Traffic Survey Recommendation (3/2011)
- Definition and Characteristics of Applications Recommendation (4/2011)
- First GT SAT Project Proposal (Telecomm Energy Audits) (4/2011)

#### Launch-to-Date Activities - Year 2 YTD

Post-Seoul - next slide



#### GT SAT Committee: Activities Update (2/2)

- Launch-to Date-Activities Year 2 YTD (i.e. since GT-Seoul)
  - Launch Mobile Traffic Study Group (5/2011)
  - Socialization of Recommendations for Feedback (4-11/2011)
  - Draft Application Taxonomy Document (11/2011)
  - Draft Macro Traffic Trends Document (11/2011)
  - Draft Contribution to Baseline Architecture Document (11/2011)
  - Delivery of traffic trend inputs to GT SEASON Project (11/2011)
  - Approval of first project proposal (Telecomm Energy Audits) (11/2011)
- Next Activities Year 2 (Going out of GT-Seattle)
  - Finalize, approve and issue contribution to Baseline Architecture document
  - Work with Network Committee WG's to transfer Baseline Architecture recommendations and data
  - Formulate and execute plan to implement Traffic Survey
  - Formulate and execute plan to implement project proposal
  - Follow-up on new project proposal(s) and possible cross-organizational collaborations





#### 1. Macro Traffic Trends

Reference traffic projections for 2010-2020 by application and geographic region



GT SAT Committee

GT Mombers' Meeting

GT Members' Meeting - Seattle

17 November 2011

### GT SAT Committee: Macro Traffic Trend Methodology

- SAT Committee has carried out document reviews of strawman architecture, white paper, and reference documents relevant to traffic trends
  - "Baseline architecture planning document," Sec. 3 & 9, GT.
  - "Network infrastructure architectures ...," Sec. 1-4, GT.
  - "Power trends in communication networks," Kilper et al., JSTQE.
  - "Cisco visual networking index: forecast and methodology ...," Cisco.
  - "Comments on network infrastructure architectures ...," GT R&S WG.
- SAT Committee has prepared contribution to the Baseline Architecture Document including traffic projection tables
  - "GreenTouch Baseline Architecture Section 3: Application Characteristics, Requirements, and Traffic," GT SAT Comm.
  - "GreenTouch SAT Traffic Projections 2010-2020," GT SAT Comm.
  - "GreenTouch SAT Application Taxonomy," GT SAT App. Tax. SG.



#### GT SAT Committee: Macro Traffic Trends - Recommendation Highlights

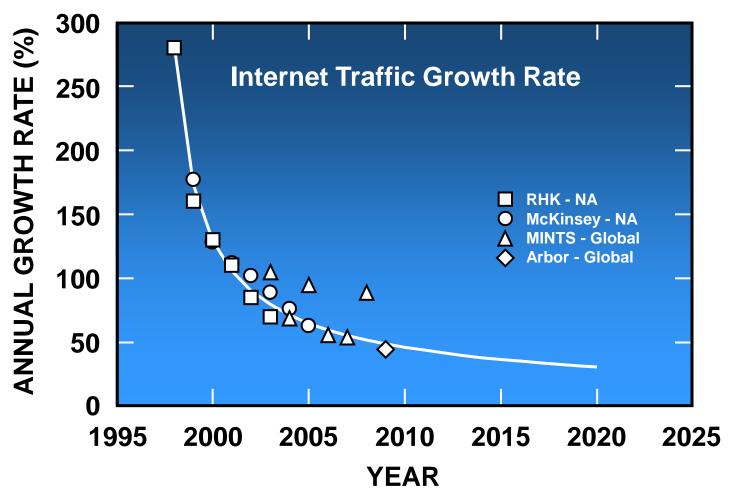
Considering the large uncertainties inherent in all traffic projections and forecasts, the SAT Committee:

- ... Recommends using regression projections (low, medium, high) of Cisco forecasts until such time as newer data is available.
- In Proposes that GT network solutions should be tested against a range of traffic trends, e.g. low (conservative), medium (most likely), and high (aggressive).
- ... Recommends that when possible the most likely projections should be based on direct empirical (e.g. first hand historical) traffic data.
- Image: In the contract of t



#### Past and Anticipated Internet Growth

#### GT SAT Traffic Trends are based on regression analysis of CAGR

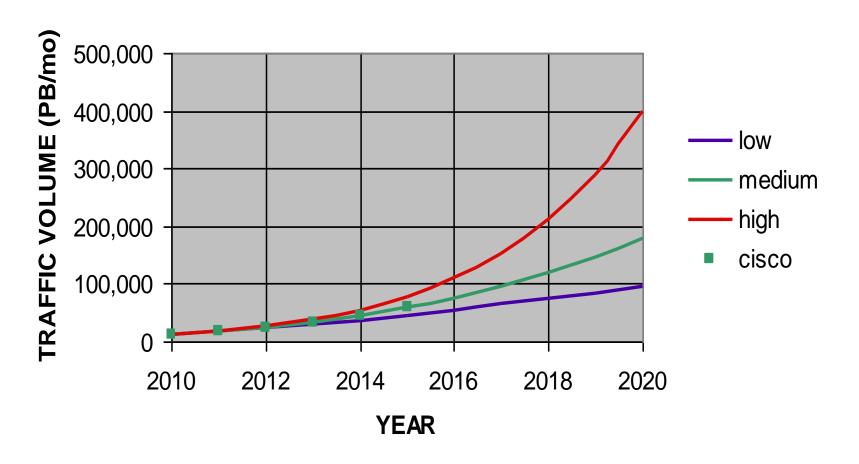


Trend and Projections: Kilper, Atkinson, Korotky, Goyal, Vetter, Suvakovic, and Blume, *JSTQE*, 2011. Traffic Sources: RHK, 2004; McKinsey, JPMorgan, AT&T, 2001; MINTS, 2009; Arbor, 2009; AT&T 2008; VZ, 2008.



#### Traffic 2010-2020: Sample Projections

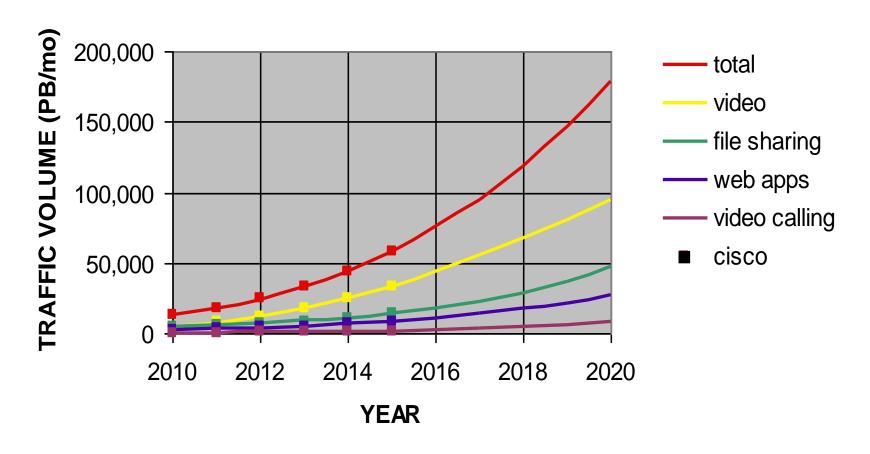
#### **Global Consumer Internet - Total**





#### Traffic 2010-2020: Sample Projections

#### **Global Consumer Internet**





## 2. Network Operator Survey: A questionnaire on network traffic to

validate projections

GT SAT Committee - Traffic Survey Study Group Ed Chen, Chih-Ming Chen, Hiroyuki Kitada, Steve Korotky, Jaebong Lee GT Members' Meeting - Seattle 17 November 2011

#### **Network Operator Survey**

- Draft survey has been prepared and distributed for review
- Categories covered:
  - Company Profile Customers, Networks, Services
  - Network and Traffic Profile Geography, Demographics, and Services
  - Traffic Profile Service/Application Mix
  - Traffic Profile Load Variation
  - Traffic Volume
  - Traffic Growth
  - Energy Consumption
  - Router Packet Buffers



#### **Network Operator Survey - Examples**

■ Sample (from Traffic Volume section)

D.1. What is the	total current monthly	y traffic volume (petab	ytes per month, PI	3/mo)?
0-50	50-100	100-200	200-500	
500-1000	1000-2000	2000-5000	5000-10000	)
D.2. What is the	monthly traffic volur	ne over the backbone (	(petabytes per mon	th, PB/mo)?
0-50	50-100	100-200	200-500	
		2000-5000		)
D.3. What is the	monthly volume of m	nobile traffic (petabyte	s per month, PB/m	o)?
0-50	50-100	100-200	200-500	
		2000-5000		)
D.4. In your estin	nation, what percent	age of mobile traffic w	ill be off-loaded to	WiFi and/or
microcell in the c	oming 5 - 10 years (9	<b>%</b> )?		
0-20	_ 20-40	40-60	_ 60-80	80-100



#### **Traffic Survey - Next Steps**

- Finalizing the survey content
  - Closing on content with the Network Committee WG's
  - Pruning the length of the survey
  - Consideration of a validation format rather than a survey format
  - Grouping of topics for easy of response
- Logistics





3. Applications Taxonomy:

A comprehensive classification of applications by requirements

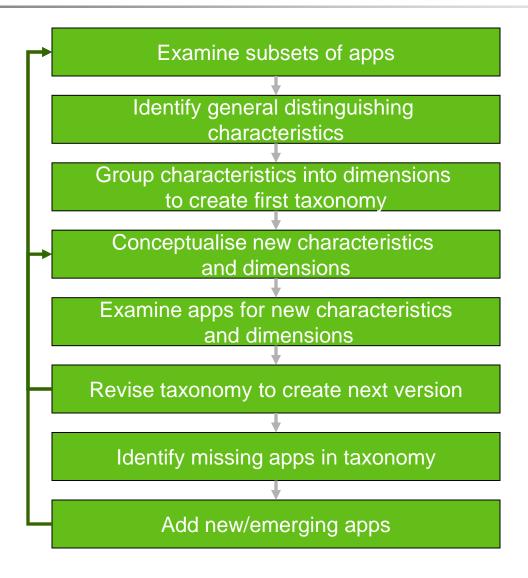


GT SAT Committee - Applications Taxonomy Study Group Fabrizio Amarilli, Sungbong Chang, Steve Korotky, Klaus Satzke

GT Members' Meeting - Seattle

17 November 2011

#### Application Taxonomy Development: An Iterative Process





#### **Definitions of Application Categories**

Cat. No.	Туре	Description	Examples		
1	Video streaming	1-way transport of A/V content for (semi-) professional use	HD/3D/VoD, Personal network-based content storage, IPTV, Internet Video (streaming video, video clip), Multi-view Video Distribution		
2	Conv. Video	2-way transport of A/V content for conversation between humans	Video Conference, Interactive eLearning, Telecommuting, Telemedicine, Interactive/Multi-View Video Rendering, eHealth, Telepresence/Immersion, Realtime Entertainment, Immersive Environments		
3	Audio Streaming	1-way transport of audio incl. HQ	e.g. Internet Radio		
4	Conv. Voice	2-way transport of voice	VoIP		
5	Interactive messaging	Messaging involving humans, sensors, machines	Data transport from critical supervisory systems: sensing, telematics, M2M systems		
6	Control traffic	Exchange of status/ failure, signalling and network routing info	SIP Signaling		
7	General Data transfer	General Data Transfer	File downloads, program updates, database use and back-up, scientific and computational cloud apps, transactional cloud services traffic, email, web services, P2P, web search).		

Adapted from ITU-T Recommendation Y.1541



#### **QoS Requirements by Application Category**

Application Category	Y.1541 QoS Class	Upper bound Packet Loss Rate	Upper bound transfer delay	Upper bound delay variation	Max. setup delay tol. (MSDT)	Typical BW need
1. Video streaming	6, 7	10-5 *)	100 ms	50 ms	SC-I	High (e.g. >250MB/s for HD VoD)
2. Conversational Video	0, 1	10-3	100 ms	50 ms	SC-I	High (e.g. 3D video call: >375MB/s)
3. Audio Streaming	6, 7	10-5	100 ms	50 ms	SC-I	Low - medium
4. Conversational Voice	0, 1	10-3	<100 ms	< 30 ms	SC-I	Low
5. Interactive messaging	3, (2)	10-3	100 ms	unspec.	SC-I to SC-	Low
6. Control traffic	2	10-3	100 ms	unspec.	SC-II	Low
7. General Data transfer	4, 6	10 <sup>-3</sup> - 10 <sup>-5</sup>	100ms	unspec.	SC-II to- SC-III	Low to high (>200Mb/s for telemedicine & network hosted apps)

#### Adapted from ITU-T Recommendation Y.1541



#### GreenTouch Baseline Architecture - Section 3 (p.1)

#### 3 Application Characteristics, Requirements, and Traffic

GreenTouch Services, Applications, and Trends Committee Authors: Fabrizio Amarilli, Sungbong Chang, Steven K. Korotky, and Klaus Satzke Editors: Steven K. Korotky and Klaus Satzke

#### 3.1 Introduction

GreenTouch works to identify technological and architectural solutions for future communication networks that can provide a substantial improvement in energy efficiency. The process of researching, developing, and designing solutions for this goal requires us to anticipate the needs of future communication networks - including the applications, traffic, and services to be supported, and the metrics by which they will be judged. This section of the GreenTouch Baseline Architecture document is intended to provide guidance on these requirements. In particular, the purpose of this section is to:

- Identify, characterize, and disseminate information on requirements of past, present, and anticipated applications in dimensions such as bandwidth, latency, storage, and their time- and spatial-dependence.
- Identify, analyze, and disseminate information on historical trends and current network traffic.
- Identify, formulate, and disseminate information on formulations, projections, and forecasts of future network traffic.
- Identify, define, and disseminate information on alternative metrics to judge network energy performance, such as carbon footprint, power per user, life-cycle resources, and cost.

**Keywords:** services, applications, application requirements, application taxonomy, bandwidth requirements, latency requirements, traffic, access traffic, mobile traffic, data traffic, video traffic, backbone traffic, traffic trends, traffic growth, traffic per subscriber, subscriber growth, traffic forecasts, traffic projections, traffic statistics, traffic profiles, traffic models, packet statistics, flow duration, traffic load variation, spatial traffic variation, temporal traffic variation, diurnal traffic cycles, peak traffic load, average traffic load, network performance metrics, constrained resources, energy consumption, energy efficiency, carbon footprint, life-cycle analyses, cost

#### 3.2 Definitions

For the purposes of this document, this section contains working definitions of the terms: applications, services, and traffic.



#### **GT SAT Committee: Next Steps**

#### ■ Issue Contribution to Baseline Architecture

- application taxonomy
- macro traffic trends
- work with Network Committee to transfer inputs, align and identify additional needs

#### ■ Traffic Survey Logistics and Execution

- finalize
- work out logistics
- identify participants
- execute plan

#### ■ Telecommunication Energy Audit Project Launch

- finalize
- work out logistics
- identify participants
- execute plan

#### New Project Proposals and Collaborations

follow up





# GreenTouch Services, Applications, and Trends Committee: Work Plan Update

GT SAT Committee (Steven K. Korotky, Chair)

GT Members' Meeting - Seattle

17 November 2011

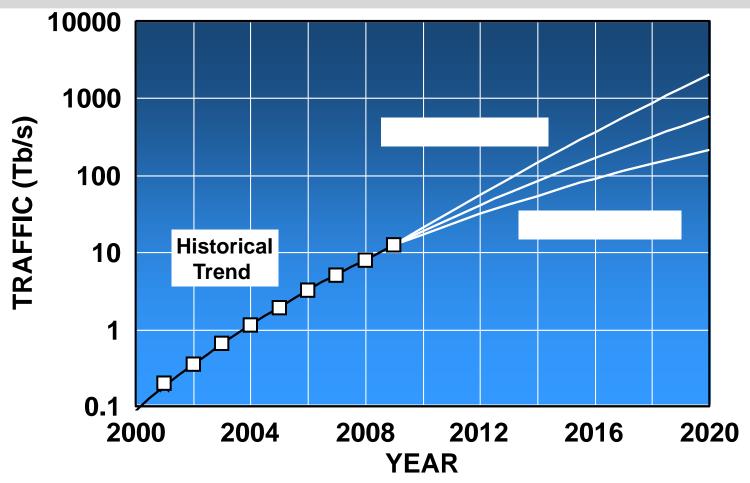


### Backup Slides - Follow



#### Northern America Communication Backbone Traffic

Present compound annual growth rate is ~40%, or roughly 2X / 2 years

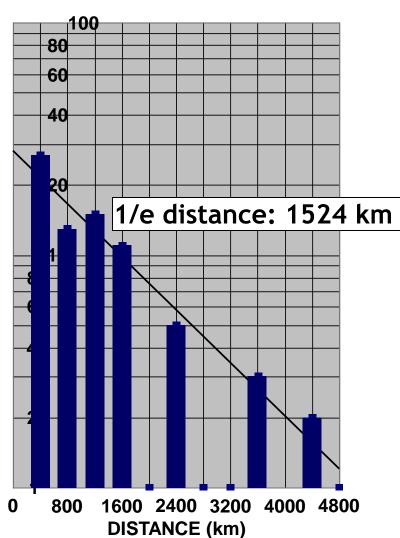


Trend and Projections: Kilper, Atkinson, Korotky, Goyal, Vetter, Suvakovic, and Blume, *JSTQE*, 2011. Traffic Sources: RHK, 2004; McKinsey, JPMorgan, AT&T, 2001; MINTS, 2009; Arbor, 2009; AT&T 2008; VZ, 2008.



#### Empirical Distance-Dependence - An Example





Analysis: Korotky, Essiambre and Tkach, *BLTJ* 14(4), 285-295 (2010).

Network and Capacity Source: Verizon, 2008, http://www.verizonbusiness.com/us/about/network/#global.



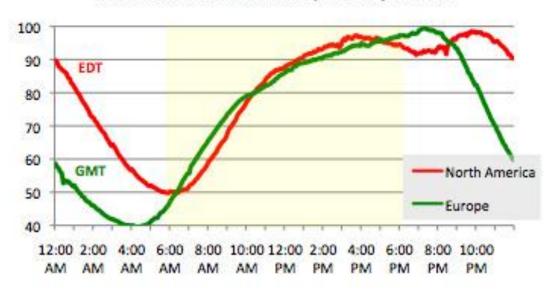


www.greentouch.org



#### **Temporal Variations - An Example**

#### North America and Europe Daily Traffic



Labovitz, 2009.

